

COMMON PRE-BOARD EXAMINATION 2024-25 Subject: MATHEMATICS (STANDARD) -041

Class X

Date:04 -12-2024

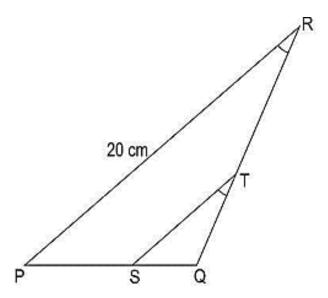
Time: 3 Hrs. Max. Marks: 80

- 1. This Question Paper has 5 Sections A E.
- 2. Section A has 20 Multiple Choice Questions (MCQs) carrying 1 mark each.
- 3. Section **B** has 5 questions carrying 02 marks each.
- 4. Section C has 6 questions carrying 03 marks each.
- 5. Section **D** has 4 questions carrying 05 marks each.
- 6. Section **E** has 3 Case Based integrated units of assessment (04 marks each) with sub-parts of the values of 1, 1 and 2 marks each.
- 7. All Questions are compulsory. However, an internal choice in 2 questions of 5 marks, 2 questions of 3 marks and 2 questions of 2 marks has been provided. An internal choice has been provided in the 2 marks questions of Section E.
- 8. Draw neat figures wherever required. Take $\pi = \frac{22}{7}$, wherever required if not stated.

SECTION A

Section A consists of 20 questions of 1 mark each.

1 $\triangle PQR$ is shown below. ST is drawn such that $\angle PRQ = \angle STQ$. If $\frac{QT}{TR} = \frac{2}{3}$, length of TS is:



- **(A)**
- $\frac{10}{3}$ cm
- **(B)**
- 8 cm
- **(C)**
- 12 cm
- **(D)**
- $\frac{40}{3}$ cm

2 If $p \times \tan 60^\circ \cos 60^\circ = \sin 60^\circ \cot 60^\circ$, then p is:

(A)

- cos30°
- **(B)**
- tan30°
- **(C)**
- sin30°
- **(D)**

cot30°

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1

3 Consider the following frequency distribution:

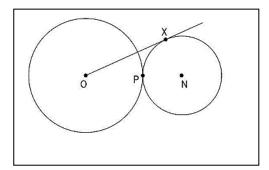
Class	0-6	6-12	12-18	18-24	24-30
Frequency	12	10	15	8	11

The median class is:

- **(A)**
- 6-12
- **(B)**
- 12-18
- **(C)**
- 18-24
- **(D)**

24-30

Two circles with centres O and N touch each other at point P as shown. O, P and N are collinear. The radius of the circle with centre O is twice that of the circle with centre N. OX is a tangent to the circle with centre N, and OX = 18 cm. The radius of the circle with centre N is:



- **(A)**
- $\frac{18}{\sqrt{2}}$ cm
- **(B)**
- 9 cm
- **(C)**
- $\frac{9}{\sqrt{2}}$ cm (**D**)

5 If the point P(k, 0) divides the line segment joining the points A(2, -2) and B(-7, 4) in the ratio 1:2, then the value of k is:

- (A)
- 1
- **(B)**
- 2
- **(C)**
- **(D)**
- -1

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The pair of linear equations x + 2y + 5 = 0 and -3x = 6y - 1 has:

- **(A)**
- unique solution
- exactly two **(B)** solutions
- **(C)**
- infinitely many solutions

-2

(D) no solution

7 If the difference of Mode and Median of a data is 24, then the difference of median and mean is:

- (A)
- **(B)**
- 12
- **(C)**
- 24

If $\sec \theta - \tan \theta = m$, then the value of $\sec \theta + \tan \theta$ is:

- **(A)**
- $1 \frac{1}{m}$
- **(B)** m^2-1
- **(C)**
- **(D)**

(D)

-m

36

9 If the probability of a player winning a game is 0.79, then the probability of his losing the same game is:

- **(A)**
- 1.79
- **(B)**
- 0.31
- **(C)**
- 0.21%
- **(D)**
- 0.21

If one zero of the polynomial $6x^2 + 37x - (k-2)$ is reciprocal of the other, the value of k is:

- **(A)**
- -6
- **(B)**
- -4
- **(C)**
- 6
- **(D)**
- 4

	(A)	1	(B)	0	(C)	-1	(D)	$\sqrt{2}$	
2	Two identicubic units		s of side k ui	nits are joined end	l to end. T	The volume of t	he resulti	ng cuboid in	
	(A)	$6k^3$	(B)	$4k^3$	(C)	$3k^3$	(D)	$2k^3$	
3	Two dice a	are rolled toget	her. The pro	bability of getting	g sum of r	numbers on the	two dice	as 5 is:	
	(A)	$\frac{1}{9}$	(B)	$\frac{11}{36}$	(C)	$\frac{5}{36}$	(D)	$\frac{4}{9}$	
4	The value	of x for which	2x, $(x + 10)$	and $(3x + 2)$ are	the three	consecutive te	rms of an	AP, is:	
	(A)	6	(B)	-6	(C)	18	(D)	-18	
	each other.	If PA = 5 cm,	the length o	of AB is equal to:					
	(A)	5 cm	(B)	$5\sqrt{2}$ cm	(C)	$2\sqrt{5}$ cm	(D)	10 cm	
6	If α , β are	the zeroes of a	n polynomia	$1 p(x) = x^2 + x - 1$, then $\frac{1}{\alpha}$ +	$\frac{1}{\beta}$ is:			
	(A)	-1	(B)	2	(C)	1	(D)	$\frac{-1}{2}$	
7	AD is a m	edian of ΔAB	C with vertic	ces A(5, -6), B(6,	4) and C(0, 0). Length A	D is equa	al to:	
	(A)	$\sqrt{68}$	(B)	$2\sqrt{15}$ units	(C)	$\sqrt{101}$ units	(D)	10 units	
8			•	alar cone and the revolume of the sp		-		•	
	(A)	5 cm	(B)	20 cm	(C)	10 cm	(D)	4 cm	
	Direction	for questions	19 & 20: In	question numbers	s 19 and 2	0, a statement	of Assert	ion (A) is	
	followed b	y a statement of	of Reason (R	R). Choose the cor	rect optio	n.			
	(a) Both as	ssertion (A) and	d reason (R)	are true and reaso	on (R) is t	he correct expl	anation o	f assertion	

- (b) Both assertion (A) and reason (R) are true and reason (R) is not the correct explanation of assertion (A)
- (c) Assertion (A) is true but reason (R) is false.
- (d) Assertion (A) is false but reason (R) is true.
- **Assertion(A):** If product of two numbers is 5780 and their HCF is 17, then their LCM is 340.

Reason (R): HCF is always a factor of LCM

20 Assertion(A): If the circumference of a circle is 176 cm, then its radius is 28 cm.

Reason (R): Circumference = $2 \pi \times \text{radius of a circle.}$

SECTION B

Section B consists of 5 questions of 2 marks each.

- 21 Find the point on x-axis which is equidistant from the points (2, -2) and (-4, 2).
- 22 (a) The probability of selecting a blue marble at random from a jar that contains only blue, black and green marbles is $\frac{1}{5}$. The probability of selecting a black marble at random from the same jar is $\frac{1}{4}$. If the jar contains 11 green marbles, find the total number of marbles in the jar.

OR

- (b)Cards numbered 7 to 40 were put in a box. Poonam selects a card at random. What is the probability that Poonam selects a card which is a multiple of 7?
- 23 (a) Show that $5 \times 11 \times 17 + 3 \times 11$ is a composite number.

OR

- (b) Find the H.C.F and L.C.M of 480 and 720 using the Prime factorisation method.
- PQ is a line segment such that the y- coordinate of P is -1 and Q lies on Y axis. The mid-point of PQ is O(-3, -6). Find the coordinates of P and Q.
- If sin(A+B) = 1 and $cos(A-B) = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$, $0^{\circ} < A+B \le 90^{\circ}$ and A > B, then find the measures of angles A and B.

SECTION C

Section C consists of 6 questions of 3 marks each.

If α and β are the zeroes of the polynomial x^2 - x - 2, find a polynomial whose zeroes are $(2\alpha + 1)$ and $(2\beta + 1)$.

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27 (a)In a teachers' workshop, the number of teachers teaching French, Hindi and English are 48, 80 and 3 144 respectively. Find the minimum number of rooms required if in each room the same number of teachers are seated and all of them are of the same subject.

OR

- (b)On a morning walk, three persons step out together and their steps measure 30 cm, 36 cm and 40 cm respectively. What is the minimum distance each should walk so that each can cover the same distance in complete steps?
- 28 (a)A chord of a circle of radius 14 cm subtends an angle of 60^{0} at the centre. Find the area of the corresponding minor segment of the circle.

OR

- (b)A horse is tied with a 14 m long rope at one corner of an equilateral triangular field having side 20m. Find the area of the field where the horse cannot graze.
- Prove that: $\frac{\tan \theta}{1 \cot \theta} + \frac{\cot \theta}{1 \tan \theta} = 1 + \sec \theta \csc \theta$
- 30 Prove that $2 + 5\sqrt{3}$ is an irrational number, given that $\sqrt{3}$ is an irrational number.
- 31 Sum of the areas of two squares is 468 m². If the difference of their perimeters is 24 m, find the sides of the two squares.

SECTION D

Section D consists of 4 questions of 5 marks each.

- A pole 6m high is fixed on the top of a tower. The angle of elevation of the top of the pole observed from a point P on the ground is 60^{0} and the angle of depression of the point P from the top of the tower is 45^{0} . Find the height of the tower and the distance of the point P from the foot of the tower. (Use $\sqrt{3} = 1.73$)
- (a) Solve the following pair of equations graphically: 3x + y 5 = 0; 2x y 5 = 0Also find the co-ordinates of the points where the lines represented by the above equations meet the y-axis.

OR

- (b)Tara scored 40 marks in a test, getting 3 marks for each right answer and losing 1 mark for each wrong answer. Had 4 marks been awarded for each correct answer and 2 marks been deducted for each wrong answer, then Tara would have scored 50 marks. Assuming that Tara attempted all questions, find the total number of questions in the test.
- 34 (i)Prove that the lengths of the tangents drawn from an external point to a circle are equal.
 - (ii) In Figure, a quadrilateral ABCD is drawn to circumscribe a circle.

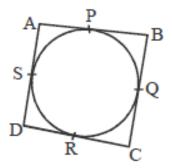
Prove that AB + CD = BC + AD.

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35 (a) Daily wages of 110 workers, obtained in a survey, are tabulated below:

Daily Wages(₹)	100-120	120-140	140-160	160-180	180-200	200-220	220-240
No. of workers	10	15	20	22	18	12	13

Compute the mean daily wages and modal daily wages of these workers.

OR

(b) If the median of the following frequency distribution is 32.5, find the values of f_1 and f_2 .

Class	0-10	10-20	20-30	30-40	40-50	50-60	60-70	Total
Frequency	f_1	5	9	12	f_2	3	2	40

SECTION E

Section E consists of 3 questions of 4 marks each.

36

Case Study Based -1

A **ripple effect** occurs when an initial disturbance to a system propagates outward to disturb an increasingly larger portion of the system, like ripples expanding across the water when an object is dropped into it.

A stone is thrown into still water and the figure represents concentric circular phenomenon known as ripple effect.

The radius of the first circle is 3 cm. The radius of each circle is 4 cm more than the previous circle.

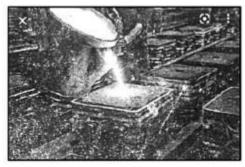


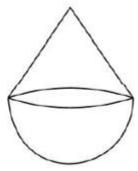
Based on the above information answer the following questions:

(i)	Find the radius of the 20 th circle.
(ii)	(a) Which circle has a radius of 43 cm?
	OR
	(b) Find the number of circles formed if the sum of the radii of first n circles is 136.
(iii)	Write the AP representing the circumferences of the concentric circles formed.

37 Case Study Based - 2

A company deals in casting and moulding of metal on orders received from its clients. In one such order, company is supposed to make 50 toys in the form of a hemisphere mounted by a right circular cone of the same base radius as that of hemisphere. The radius of the base of the cone is 21 cm and height is 28 cm.





Based on the above information answer the following questions:

- (i) Find the ratio of Volume of hemispherical part to the Volume of conical part of the toy.
- (ii) Find the slant height of the conical part of the toy.
- (iii) (a) Find the volume of the toy.

OR

(b) Find the TSA of the toy.

38 Case Study Based-3

The law of reflection states that when a ray of light reflects off a surface, the angle of incidence is equal to the angle of reflection.

Ramesh places a mirror on level ground to determine the height of a pole (with traffic light fixed on it). He stands at a certain distance so that he can see the top of the pole reflected from the mirror. Ramesh's eye level is 1.5 m above the ground. Ramesh is positioned 1.8 m from the mirror, while the pole is located 3.6 m away from the mirror.

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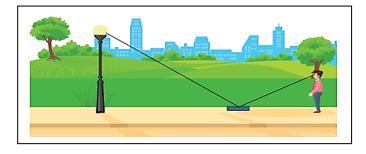
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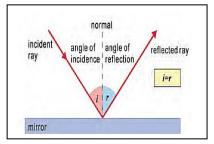
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(Figure 2)

(Figure 1)

Based on the above information answer the following questions:

(i)	Which criterion of similarity is applicable here to prove the similarity of triangles formed in Figure 1?
(ii)	What is the height of the pole given in Figure 1?
(iii)	(a)Ramesh moves such that distance between pole and Ramesh is
	3 meters. He places a mirror between him and pole to see the reflection of
	light in right position. What is the distance between the mirror and
	Ramesh?
	OR
	(b) Ramesh moves such that distance between pole and Ramesh is
	3 meters. He places a mirror between him and pole to see the reflection of
	light in right position. What is the distance between the mirror and the
	pole?

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